





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20231 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/363,001 07/28/1999		STEVEN J. MOORE	3243-2-4-1-1	7561	
22442	7590	12/28/2001			
SHERIDA		PC .	EXAMINER		
1560 BROA SUITE 120	0		MEKY, MOUSTAFA M		
DENVER,	CO 80202			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				2153	

DATE MAILED: 12/28/2001

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	1,					
		09/363,001 MOORE ET AL.							
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit						
		Moustafa M Meky	2153						
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailling date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply sepecified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status									
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 J	<u>uly 1999</u> .							
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ Thi	s action is non-fina	l.						
3)□	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposition of Claims									
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>29-48</u> is/are pending in the application.									
4a) Of the above claim(s) 1-28 is/are withdrawn from consideration.									
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.									
6)□	Claim(s) is/are rejected.								
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8)⊠	Claim(s) 29-48 are subject to restriction and/or	election requireme	nt.						
Applicati	ion Papers								
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Examiner	r.							
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.									
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).									
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a)☐ approved b)☐ disapproved by the Examiner.									
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.									
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.									
Priority (	ınder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).									
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:								
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been receive	ed.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been receive	ed in Application No						
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>									
		•		al application)					
<ul><li>14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).</li><li>a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.</li></ul>									
15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.									
Attachment(s)									
2) Notic	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 2	5) 🛛 N	terview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No otice of Informal Patent Application (PT her:						

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1. The pre-amendment and the request for interference under 37 CFR 1.607 filed 7/28/1999 were entered and considered by the examiner.

- 2. Claims 29-48 are presenting for examination.
- 3. Applicant's request for an interefence is defective for the following:
- \* Applicant' interference request meets some of the criteria of MPEP 2307. On pages 37-45 of the applicant's request, applicant lists 10 counts and identifies the claims "substantially" corresponding to the counts. However, when applicant's claims do not exactly correspond to the count, **he is supposed** to explain whey each such claim corresponds to the proposed count (37 CFR1.607(4)).

Thus, applicant's request for an interfence is defective.

- 4 Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
  - I. Claims 29-32, 35-38, 43-46, drawn to computer network monitoring, classified in class 709, subclass 224.
  - II. Claims 33-34, 39-42, 47-48, drawn to computer-to-computer data modifying, classified in class 709, subclass 246.

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A. The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons: Inventions I and II are related as combination and subcombination. Inventions in this relationship are distinct if it can be shown that (1) the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed for patentability, and (2) that the subcombination has utility by itself or in other combinations (MPEP § 806.05(c)). In the instant case, the combination as claimed does not require the particulars of the subcombination as claimed because the claims of group I do not rely on the elements of the packet analyzing module of group II. The

B. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

subcombination has separate utility such as being used in many differenet systems.

- C. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for Group I is not required for Group II, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 5. Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

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6. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the

inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently

named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any

amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a petition under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the

fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(I).

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to Moustafa M. Meky whose telephone number is (703) 305-9697.

M.M.M

December 25, 2001

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PRIMARY EXAMPLE

This paragraph must follow form paragraph 23.09 and should only be used in those rare instances where both the patent and the application claim distinct, interfering inventions.

## 2307 Applicant Requests Interference With a Patent

37 CFR 1.607. Request by applicant for interference with patent.

(a) An applicant may seek to have an interference declared between an application and an unexpired patent by,

(1) Identifying the patent,

(2) Presenting a proposed count,

(3) Identifying at least one claim in the patent corresponding to the proposed count,

(4) Presenting at least one claim corresponding to the proposed count or identifying at least one claim already pending in its application that corresponds to the proposed count, and, if any claim of the patent or application identified as corresponding to the proposed count does not correspond exactly to the proposed count, explaining why each such claim corresponds to the proposed count, and

(5) Applying the terms of any application claim,

(i) Identified as corresponding to the count, and

(ii) Not previously in the application to the disclosure of the application.

(6) Explaining how the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 135(b) are met, if the claim presented or identified under paragraph (a)(4) of this section was not present in the application until more than one year after the issue date of the patent.

(b) When an applicant seeks an interference with a patent, examination of the application, including any appeal to the Board, shall be conducted with special dispatch within the Patent and Trademark Office. The examiner shall determine whether there is interfering subject matter claimed in the application and the patent which is patentable to the applicant subject to a judgment in an interference. If the examiner determines that there is any interfering subject matter, an interference will be declared. If the examiner determines that there is no interfering subject matter, the examiner shall state the reasons why an interference is not being declared and otherwise act on the application.

(c) When an applicant presents a claim which corresponds exactly or substantially to a claim of a patent, the applicant shall identify the patent and the number of the patent claim, unless the claim is presented in response to a suggestion by the examiner. The examiner shall notify the Commissioner of any instance where an applicant fails to identify the patent.

(d) A notice that an applicant is seeking to provoke an interference with a patent will be placed in the file of the patent and a copy of the notice will be sent to the patentee. The identity of the applicant will not be disclosed unless an interference is declared. If a final decision is made not to declare an interference, a notice to that effect will be placed in the patent file and will be sent to the patentee.

If the applicant does not apply the terms of the claim presented to the disclosure of the application, i.e., does not state how each term of the copied claim is supported by the specification, as required by 37 CFR 1.607(a)(5), a one-month time period should be set for correction of this deficiency. Form Paragraph 23.12 should be used for this purpose.